Series 5000 - STUDENTS

Policy 5144.1

Suspension and Expulsion/Due Process

The Solano County Office of Education (SCOE) has established policies and standards of behavior in order to promote learning and protect the safety and well-being of all students. When these policies and standards are violated, it may be necessary to suspend or expel a student from regular classroom instruction.

Except where suspension for a first offense is warranted in accordance with law, suspension shall be imposed only when other means of correction fail to bring about proper conduct. (Education Code [EC] section 48900.5)

Expulsion is an action taken by the principal for severe or prolonged breaches of discipline by a student. Except for single acts of a grave nature, expulsion shall be used only when there is a history of misconduct, when other forms of discipline, including suspension, have failed to bring about proper conduct, or when the student's presence causes a continuing danger to self or others.

The grounds for suspension and expulsion and the procedures for considering, recommending and/or implementing suspension and expulsion shall be those specified in law and/or administrative regulation.

Definitions

Suspension from school means removal of a student from ongoing instruction for adjustment purposes. However, suspension does not mean any of the following: (EC §48925)

- Reassignment to another education program or class at the same school where the student will receive continuing instruction for the length of day prescribed for students of the same grade level
- 2. Referral to a certificated employee designated by the principal to advise students
- 3. Removal from the class, but without reassignment to another class or program, for the remainder of the class period without sending the student to the principal or designee as provided in EC §48910. Removal from a particular class shall not occur more than once every five school days

Expulsion means removal of a student from the immediate supervision and control, or the general supervision, of school personnel. (EC §48925)

Day means a calendar day unless otherwise specifically provided. (EC §48925)

School day means a day upon which SCOE's programs are in session or weekdays during the summer recess. (EC §48925)

Student includes a student's parent/guardian or legal counsel. (EC §48925)

Principal's designee means one or more administrators or, if there is not a second administrator at one school site, a certificated person specifically designated by the principal, in writing, to assist with disciplinary procedures. Only one such person may be designated at any time as the principal's primary designee and only one such person may be designated as secondary designee for the school year. The names of such persons shall be on file in the principal's office. (EC §48911)

School property, for the purposes described in Education Code section 48900, includes, but is not limited to, electronic files and databases. (EC §48900(u))

Policy 5144.1 (Continued)

Imitation firearm means a replica of a firearm that is so substantially similar in physical properties to an existing firearm as to lead a reasonable person to conclude that the replica is a firearm. (EC §48900(m))

Hazing means a method of initiation or pre-initiation into a student organization or body, whether or not the organization or body is officially recognized by an educational institution, which is likely to cause serious bodily injury or personal degradation or disgrace resulting in physical or mental harm to a former, current, or prospective student. Hazing does not include athletic events or school-sanctioned events.

Bullying means any severe or pervasive physical or verbal act or conduct, including communications made in writing or by means of an electronic act, directed toward one or more students that has, or can reasonably be predicted to have, the effect of placing a reasonable student in fear of harm to himself/herself or his/her property; cause the student to experience a substantially detrimental effect on his/her physical or mental health; or cause the student to experience substantial interferences with his/her academic performance or ability to participate in or benefit from the services, activities, or privileges provided by a school. Bullying shall include any act of sexual harassment, hate violence, or harassment, threat, or intimidation as defined in Education Code sections 48900.2, 48900.3, or 48900.4 that has any of the effects described above on a reasonable student.

Electronic act means the transmission of a communication, including, but not limited to, a message, text, sound, image, or post on a social network Internet website, by means of an electronic device, including, but not limited to, a telephone, wireless telephone, or other wireless communication device, computer, or pager. A post on a social network Internet website shall include, but is not limited to, the posting or creation of a burn page or the creation of a credible impersonation or false profile for the purpose of causing a reasonable student any of the effects of bullying described above.

Reasonable student means a student, including, but not limited to, a student who has been identified as a student with a disability, who exercises average care, skill, and judgment in conduct for a person of his/her age, or for a person of his/her age with his/her disability. (EC §48900(r))

A terrorist threat includes any written or oral statement by a person who willfully threatens to commit a crime which will result in death or great bodily injury to another person or property damage in excess of \$1,000, with the specific intent that the statement is to be taken as a threat, even if there is no intent of actually carrying it out. (EC §48900.7)

Sexual harassment means conduct which, when considered from the perspective of a reasonable person of the same gender as the victim, is sufficiently severe or pervasive as to have a negative impact upon the victim's academic performance or to create an intimidating, hostile, or offensive educational environment. (EC §212.5, 48900.2)

Hate violence means any act punishable under Penal Code sections 422.6, 422.7, or 422.75. Such acts include injuring or intimidating a victim, interfering with the exercise of a victim's civil rights, or damaging a victim's property because of the victim's race, ethnicity, religion, nationality, disability, gender, gender identity, gender expression, or sexual orientation; a perception of the presence of any of those characteristics in the victim; or the victim's association with a person or group with one or more of those actual or perceived characteristics. (EC §233; Penal Code section 422.55)

Policy 5144.1 (Continued)

Notice of Regulations

At the beginning of each school year, the principal of each school shall ensure that all students and parents/guardians are notified in writing of all school rules related to discipline, including suspension and expulsion. (EC §35291, 48900.1, 48980)

Student Due Process

SCOE shall provide for the fair and equitable treatment of students facing suspension and expulsion by affording them their due process rights under the law. The County Superintendent or designee shall comply with procedures for notices and appeals as specified in administrative regulation and/or law. (EC §48911, 48915, 48915.5)

Grounds for Suspension and Expulsion

Any student, including a student with disabilities, may be subject to suspension or expulsion when it is determined that s/he:

- Caused, attempted to cause, or threatened to cause physical injury to another person or willfully used force or violence upon another person, except in self-defense (EC §48900(a))
 - A student who aids or abets the infliction or attempted infliction of physical injury on another person, as defined in Penal Code 31, may be suspended, but not expelled. However, such a student may be suspended or expelled pursuant to Education Code section 48900(a) when s/he has been adjudged by a juvenile court to have committed, as an aider or abettor, a crime of physical violence in which the victim suffered great or serious bodily injury. (EC §48900(t))
- Possessed, sold, or otherwise furnished any firearm, knife, explosive, or other dangerous object, unless, in the case of possession of any object of this type, the student had obtained written permission to possess the item from a certificated school employee, with the principal or designee's concurrence (EC §48900(b))
- 3. Unlawfully possessed, used, sold, otherwise furnished, or was under the influence of any controlled substance as defined in Health and Safety Code sections 11053-11058, alcoholic beverage, or intoxicant of any kind (EC §48900(c))
- 4. Unlawfully offered, arranged, or negotiated to sell any controlled substance as defined in Health and Safety Code sections 11053-11058, alcoholic beverage, or intoxicant of any kind, and then sold, delivered, or otherwise furnished to any person another liquid, substance, or material and represented same as such controlled substance, alcoholic beverage, or intoxicant (EC §48900(d))
- 5. Committed or attempted to commit robbery or extortion (EC §48900(e))
- 6. Caused or attempted to cause damage to SCOE property or private property (EC §48900(f))
- 7. Stole or attempted to steal SCOE property or private property (EC §48900(g))
- 8. Possessed or used tobacco or any products containing tobacco or nicotine products, including, but not limited to, cigars, cigarettes, miniature cigars, clove cigarettes, smokeless tobacco, snuff, chew packets, betel, and nicotine delivery devices such as electronic cigarettes. This restriction shall not prohibit a student from using or possessing his/her own prescription products. (EC §48900(h))
- 9. Committed an obscene act or engaged in habitual profanity or vulgarity (EC §48900(i))

Policy 5144.1 (Continued)

- 10. Unlawfully possessed, offered, arranged, or negotiated to sell any drug paraphernalia, as defined in Health and Safety Code section 11014.5 (EC §48900(j))
- 11. Disrupted school activities or otherwise willfully defied the valid authority of supervisors, teachers, administrators, other school officials, or other school personnel engaged in the performance of their duties (EC §48900(k))
- 12. Knowingly received stolen SCOE property or private property (EC §48900(I))
- 13. Possessed an imitation firearm (EC §48900(m))
- 14. Committed or attempted to commit a sexual assault as defined in Penal Code sections 261, 266c, 286, 288, 288a, or 289, or committed a sexual battery as defined in Penal Code section 243.4 (EC §48900(n))
- 15. Harassed, threatened, or intimidated a student who is a complaining witness or witness in a school disciplinary proceeding for the purpose of preventing that student from being a witness and/or retaliating against that student for being a witness (EC §48900(o))
- 16. Unlawfully offered, arranged to sell, negotiated to sell, or sold the prescription drug Soma (EC §48900(p))
- 17. Engaged in, or attempted to engage in, hazing as defined in Education Code section 48900(q)
- 18. Engaged in an act of bullying (EC §48900(r))
- 19. Made terrorist threats against SCOE officials and/or SCOE property. (EC §48900.7)

A student in grades 4-12 is also subject to suspension or recommendation for expulsion when it is determined that s/he:

- 20. Committed sexual harassment as defined in Education Code section 212.5 (EC §48900.2)
- 21. Caused, attempted to cause, threatened to cause, or participated in an act of hate violence as defined in Education Code section 233 (EC §48900.3)
- 22. Intentionally engaged in harassment, threats, or intimidation against SCOE personnel or students that is sufficiently severe or pervasive to have the actual and reasonably expected effect of materially disrupting classwork, creating substantial disorder, and invading the rights of school personnel or students by creating an intimidating or hostile educational environment (EC §48900.4)

A student may be suspended or expelled for any of the acts listed above if the act is related to school activity or school attendance occurring at any SCOE school or within any other educational agency or school district, at any time, including, but not limited to, the following circumstances: (EC §48900(s))

- 1. While on school grounds
- 2. While going to or coming from school
- During the lunch period, whether on or off the school campus
- 4. During, going to, or coming from a SCOE-sponsored activity

Removal from Class by a Teacher and Parental Attendance (Education Code section 48910)

A teacher may remove any student from his/her class for the remainder of the day and the following day for any act listed in "Grounds for Suspension and Expulsion" above.

Policy 5144.1 (Continued)

A teacher also may refer a student to the principal or designee for consideration of suspension from school.

When removing a student from his/her class, the teacher shall immediately report this action to the principal or designee and send the student to the principal or designee for appropriate action. If that action requires the continuing presence of the student at school, s/he shall be appropriately supervised during the class periods from which s/he has been removed.

As soon as possible, the teacher shall ask the student's parent/guardian to attend a parent-teacher conference regarding the removal. A counselor or psychologist may attend the conference if it is practicable, and a school administrator shall attend if either the parent/guardian or teacher so requests.

A student removed from class shall not be returned to class during the period of removal without the approval of the teacher of the class and the principal.

A student removed from class shall not be placed in another regular class during the period of removal. However, if a student is assigned to more than one class per day, s/he may be placed in any other regular classes except those held at the same time as the class from which the student was removed.

The teacher of any class from which a student is removed may require the student to complete any assignments and tests missed during the removal. (EC §48913)

Required Parental Attendance (Education Code section 48900.1)

SCOE believes that parental involvement plays an important role in the resolution of classroom behavior problems and expects that teachers will communicate with parents/guardians when behavior problems arise.

SCOE's administrative regulations and school-site rules for student discipline shall include procedures for implementing parental attendance requirements. Parents/guardians shall be notified of this policy prior to its implementation.

Before requiring parental attendance, the teacher shall make reasonable efforts to have the parent/guardian visit the class voluntarily. The teacher also may inform the parent/guardian about available resources and parent education opportunities. Teachers should reserve the option of required parental attendance for cases in which they have determined that it is the best strategy to promote positive interaction between the student and the parent/guardian and to improve classroom behavior.

Pursuant to Administrative Policy, a teacher may require the parent/guardian of a student whom the teacher has removed from class to attend a portion of a school day in his/her child's classroom. When a teacher makes this request, the principal shall send the parent/guardian a written notice that the parent/guardian's attendance is requested pursuant to law.

The notice shall specify that the attendance may be on either the date the student is scheduled to return to class or within one week thereafter. This notice shall also:

- 1. Inform the parent/guardian when his/her presence is expected and by what means s/he may arrange an alternate date
- 2. State that if the parent/guardian does not have a means of transportation to school, s/he may ride the school bus with the student
- 3. Ask the parent/guardian to meet with the principal after the visit and before leaving school, as required by Education Code section 48900.1

A parent/guardian who has received a written notice shall attend class as specified in the notice.

Policy 5144.1 (Continued)

After completing the classroom visit and before leaving school premises, the parent/guardian also shall meet with the principal or designee.

The principal or designee shall contact a parent/guardian who does not respond to the request to attend school. SCOE recognizes that parent/guardian compliance with this policy may be delayed, modified, or prevented for reasons such as serious illness/injury/disability, absence from town, or inability to get release time from work.

The teacher shall apply this policy uniformly to all students within the classroom. This policy shall apply only to a parent/guardian who lives with the student.

Suspension by Principal, or Designee

The principal or designee may suspend a student from school for any of the acts listed in "Grounds for Suspension and Expulsion" above. A student may be suspended only when the principal or designee has determined that other means of correction have failed to bring about proper conduct in the student. (Education Code 48900.5)

When other means of correcting a student's behavior are implemented prior to imposing suspension upon the student, including supervised suspension, the principal or designee shall document the other means of correction used and retain them in the student's record. (Education Code 48900.5)

However, the principal or designee may impose a suspension upon a first offense if s/he determines that the student violated any of items #1-5 listed in "Grounds for Suspension and Expulsion" above or if the student's presence causes a danger to persons. (EC §48900.5)

In addition, the principal or designee shall immediately suspend any student found at school or at a school activity to be: (Education Code 48915)

- 1. Possessing, as verified by a SCOE employee, selling, or otherwise furnishing a firearm, unless the student had obtained prior written permission to possess the item from a certificated school employee, with the principal or designee's concurrence
- 2. Brandishing a knife, as defined in Education Code section 48915(g)
- 3. Unlawfully selling a controlled substance listed in Health and Safety Code sections 11053-11058
- 4. Committing or attempting to commit a sexual assault as defined in Penal Code 261, 266c, 286, 288, 288a, or 289, or committing a sexual battery as defined in Penal Code section 243.4
- 5. Possessing an explosive as defined in 18 USC 921

The principal or designee may suspend a student from school for not more than five consecutive school days unless the suspension is extended pending expulsion. (EC §48911)

A student may be suspended from school for not more than 20 school days in any school year unless, for purposes of adjustment, the student enrolls in or is transferred to another regular school, an opportunity school, or continuation school or class, in which case suspension shall not exceed 30 days in any school year. However, this restriction on the number of days of suspension does not apply when the suspension is extended pending an expulsion. (EC §§48903, 48911, 48912)

Suspensions shall be initiated according to the following procedures:

1. **Informal Conference**: Suspension shall be preceded by an informal conference conducted by the principal or designee with the student and, whenever practicable, the teacher, supervisor, or school employee who referred the student to the principal. At the

Policy 5144.1 (Continued)

conference, the student shall be informed of the reason for the disciplinary action, presented with the evidence against him/her, and given the opportunity to present his/her version and evidence in support of his/her defense. (EC §48911)

This conference may be omitted if the principal or designee determines that an emergency situation exists involving a clear and present danger to the lives, safety, or health of students or school personnel. If a student is suspended without this conference, both the parent/guardian and student shall be notified of the student's right to return to school for the purpose of the conference. The conference shall be held within two school days, unless the student waives his/her right to it or is physically unable to attend for any reason. In such a case, the conference shall be held as soon as the student is physically able to return to school.

- Administrative Actions: All requests for student suspension are to be processed by the
 principal or designee of the school in which the student is enrolled at the time of the
 misbehavior. A school employee shall report the suspension, including the name of the
 student and the cause for the suspension, to the Superintendent or designee.
 (EC §48911)
- 3. **Notice to Parents/Guardians**: At the time of the suspension, a school employee shall make a reasonable effort to contact the parent/guardian by telephone or in person. Whenever a student is suspended, the parent/guardian shall be notified in writing of the suspension. (EC §48911)

This notice shall state the specific offense committed by the student. (EC §48900.8)

In addition, the notice may state the date and time when the student may return to school. If school officials wish to ask the parent/guardian to confer regarding matters pertinent to the suspension, the notice may add that state law requires the parent/guardian to respond to such requests without delay.

4. **Parent/Guardian Conference**: Whenever a student is suspended, school officials may meet with the parent/guardian to discuss the cause(s) and duration of the suspension, the school policy involved, and any other pertinent matter. (EC §48914)

Although the parent/guardian is required to respond without delay to a request for a conference about his/her child's behavior, no penalties may be imposed on the student for the failure of the parent/guardian to attend such a conference. The student may not be denied readmission solely because the parent/guardian failed to attend the conference. (EC §48911)

If the student involved is a foster youth, the principal or designee shall notify the district liaison for foster youth of the need to invite the student's attorney and a representative of the appropriate county child welfare agency to attend the meeting. (EC §48853.5, 48911, 48918.1)

In addition to suspending a student, the principal or designee may provide services or require the student to participate in an alternative disciplinary program designed to correct his/her behavior and keep him/her in school.

Supervised Suspension Classroom

A student for whom an expulsion has not been initiated and who poses no imminent danger or threat to the school, students, or staff may be assigned to a supervised suspension classroom in a separate classroom, building, or site for the entire period of suspension. The following conditions shall apply: (EC §48911.1)

1. The supervised suspension classroom shall be staffed in accordance with law.

Policy 5144.1 (Continued)

- 2. The student shall have access to appropriate counseling services.
- 3. The supervised suspension classroom shall promote completion of schoolwork and tests missed by the student during the suspension.
- 4. The student shall be responsible for contacting his/her teacher(s) to receive assignments to be completed in the supervised suspension classroom. The teacher(s) shall provide all assignments and tests that the student will miss while suspended. If no such work is assigned, the person supervising the suspension classroom shall assign schoolwork.

At the time a student is assigned to a supervised suspension classroom, the principal or designee shall notify the student's parent/guardian in person or by telephone. When the assignment is for longer than one class period, this notification shall be made in writing. (EC §48911.1)

Mandatory Recommendation for Expulsion

Unless the principal or designee determines that expulsion should not be recommended under the circumstances or that an alternative means of correction would address the conduct, s/he shall recommend a student's expulsion for any of the following acts: (EC §48915(a))

- 1. Causing serious physical injury to another person, except in self-defense
- 2. Possession of any knife as defined in Education Code section 48915(g), explosive, or other dangerous object of no reasonable use to the student
- 3. Unlawful possession of any controlled substance as listed in Health and Safety Code sections 11053-11058, except for (a) the first offense for the possession of not more than one ounce of marijuana, other than concentrated cannabis, or (b) the student's possession of over-the-counter medication for his/her use or other medication prescribed for him/her by a physician
- 4. Robbery or extortion
- 5. Assault or battery, as defined in Penal Code sections 240 and 242, upon any SCOE employee

In determining whether or not to recommend the expulsion of a student, the principal, designee, or Superintendent shall act as quickly as possible to ensure that the student does not lose instructional time. (EC §48915)

Mandatory Recommendation and Mandatory Expulsion

The principal or designee shall recommend expulsion of any student found at school or at a school activity to be: (EC §48915(c))

- 1. Possessing, as verified by a SCOE employee, selling, or otherwise furnishing a firearm, unless the student had obtained prior written permission to possess the firearm from a certificated school employee, with the principal or designee's concurrence
 - However, possession of an imitation firearm, as defined in Education Code section 48900(m), shall not be regarded as an offense requiring a mandatory recommendation for expulsion and mandatory expulsion.
- 2. Brandishing a knife as defined in Education Code section 48915(g) at another person
- 3. Unlawfully selling a controlled substance listed in Health and Safety Code sections 11053-11058

Policy 5144.1 (Continued)

- 4. Committing or attempting to commit a sexual assault as defined in Penal Code sections 261, 266c, 286, 288, 288a, or 289, or committing a sexual battery as defined in Penal Code section 243.4
- 5. Possessing an explosive as defined in 18 USC 921

Upon finding that the student committed any of the above acts, the student shall be expelled. (EC §48915)

Notification to Law Enforcement Authorities

Prior to the suspension or expulsion of any student, the principal or designee shall notify appropriate city or county law enforcement authorities of any student acts of assault which may have violated Penal Code section 245. (EC §48902)

The principal or designee also shall notify appropriate city or county law enforcement authorities of any student acts which may involve the possession or sale of narcotics or of a controlled substance. In addition, law enforcement authorities shall be notified regarding any acts by students regarding the possession, sale, or furnishment of firearms, explosives, or other dangerous weapons in violation of Education Code sections 48915(c)(1) or (5) or Penal Code sections 626.9 and 626.10. (EC §48902)

Within one school day after a student's suspension or expulsion, the principal or designee shall notify appropriate city or county law enforcement authorities, by telephone or other appropriate means, of any student acts which may violate Education Code sections 48900(c) or (d), relating to the possession, use, offering, or sale of controlled substances, alcohol, or intoxicants of any kind. (EC §48902)

Readmission After Expulsion

Readmission procedures shall be as follows:

- 1. On the date set for the end of the expulsion, the principal or designee shall consider readmission of the student. (EC §48916)
- 2. The principal or designee shall hold a conference with the parent/guardian and the student. At the conference, the student's rehabilitation plan shall be reviewed and the principal or designee shall verify that the provisions of this plan have been met. School regulations shall be reviewed, and the student and parent/guardian shall be asked to indicate in writing their willingness to comply with these regulations.
- 3. If readmission is granted, the principal or designee shall notify the student and parent/quardian of the decision regarding readmission.
- 4. The principal or designee may deny readmission only if it finds that the student has not satisfied the conditions of the rehabilitation plan or that the student continues to pose a danger to campus safety or to other district students or employees. (EC §48916)
- 5. If readmission of a student is denied, the principal or designee shall notify the district of residence so the student can be placed in another program that serves expelled students. (EC §48916)
- 6. The Board shall provide written notice to the expelled student and parent/guardian describing the reasons for denying readmittance into the regular program. This notice shall indicate the Board's determination of the educational program which the Board has chosen. The student shall enroll in that program unless the parent/guardian chooses to enroll the student in another school district. (EC 48916)

Policy 5144.1 (Continued)

Maintenance of Records

SCOE shall maintain a record of each suspension and expulsion, including its specific cause(s). (EC §48900.8)

Expulsion records of any student shall be maintained in the student's mandatory interim record, and sent to any school in which the student subsequently enrolls upon written request by that school. (EC §48918(k))

The principal or designee shall, within five working days, honor any other district's request for information about an expulsion from this district. (EC §48915.1)

Outcome Data

The principal or designee shall maintain the following data: (EC §48900.8, 48916.1)

- 1. The number of students recommended for expulsion
- 2. The specific grounds for each recommended expulsion
- 3. Whether the student was subsequently expelled
- 4. Whether the expulsion order was suspended
- 5. The type of referral made after the expulsion
- 6. The disposition of the student after the end of the expulsion period

In addition, the principal or designee shall disaggregate student data collected based on race, color, nationality, religion, disability, and other categories protected from discrimination under the law.

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE

212.5 Sexual harassment

1981 Enrollment of students in community school

17292.5 Program for expelled students

35146 Closed sessions (re suspensions)

35291 Rules (for government and discipline of schools)

35291.5 Rules and procedures on school discipline

48660-48667 Community day schools

48900-48927 Suspension and expulsion

48950 Speech and other communication

48980 Parent rights and responsibilities

49073-49079 Privacy of student records

CIVIL CODE

47 Privileged communication

48.8 Defamation liability

CODE OF CIVIL PROCEDURE

1985-1997 Subpoenas; means of production

GOVERNMENT CODE

11455.20 Contempt

54950-54963 Ralph M. Brown Act

HEALTH AND SAFETY CODE

11014.5 Drug paraphernalia

11053-11058 Standards and schedules

Policy 5144.1 (Continued)

LABOR CODE

230.7 Discharge or discrimination against employee for taking time off to appear in school on behalf of a child

PENAL CODE

- 31 Principal of a crime, defined
- 240 Assault defined
- 241.2 Assault fines
- 242 Battery defined
- 243.2 Battery on school property
- 243.4 Sexual battery
- 245 Assault with deadly weapon
- 245.6 Hazing
- 261 Rape defined
- 266c Unlawful sexual intercourse
- 286 Sodomy defined
- 288 Lewd or lascivious acts with child under age 14
- 288a Oral copulation
- 289 Penetration of genital or anal openings
- 417.27 Laser pointers
- 626.2 Entry upon campus after written notice of suspension or dismissal without permission
- 626.9 Gun-Free School Zone Act of 1995
- 626.10 Dirks, daggers, knives, razors or stun guns
- 868.5 Supporting person; attendance during testimony of witness

Policy 5144.1 (Continued)

WELFARE AND INSTITUTIONS CODE

729.6 Counseling

UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 18

921 Definitions, firearm

UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 20

7151 Gun-Free Schools Act

COURT DECISIONS

T.H. v. San Diego Unified School District (2004) 122 Cal. App. 4th 1267

Woodbury v. Dempsey (2003) 108 Cal. App. 4th 421

Board of Education of Sacramento City Unified School District v. Sacramento County Board of Education and Kenneth H., (2001) 85 Cal.App.4th 1321

Garcia v. Los Angeles Board of Education (1991) 123 Cal. App.3d 807

Fremont Union High School District v. Santa Clara County Board (1991) 235 Cal. App. 3d 1182

John A. v. San Bernardino School District (1982) 33 Cal. 3d 301

ATTORNEY GENERAL OPINIONS

84 Ops.Cal.Atty.Gen 146 (2001)

80 Ops.Cal.Atty.Gen. 347 (1997)

80 Ops.Cal.Atty.Gen. 91 (1997)

80 Ops.Cal.Atty.Gen. 85 (1997)

Policy Cross-Reference:

1114 SCOE Sponsored Social Media

5112.5 Closed Campus

5113 Absences and Excuses

5113.1 Truancy

5125 Student Records

5131 Conduct

5131.1 Bus Conduct

5131.2 Bullying

5131.4 Student Disturbances

5131.6 Alcohol and Other Drugs

5131.62 Tobacco

5131.7 Weapons and Dangerous Instruments

5144 Discipline

5144.2 Suspension and Expulsion/Due Process (Individuals with Disabilities)

5145.2 Freedom of Speech/Expression

5145.3 Nondiscrimination/Harassment

5145.6 Parental Notifications

5145.7 Sexual Harassment

5145.9 Hate-Motivated Behavior

6145 Extracurricular and Co-curricular Activities

6158 Independent Study

6164.4 Identification and Evaluation of Individuals for Special Education

6164.6 Identification and Education under Section 504

6173.1 Education for Foster Youth